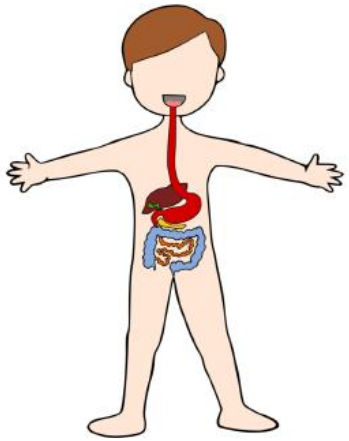

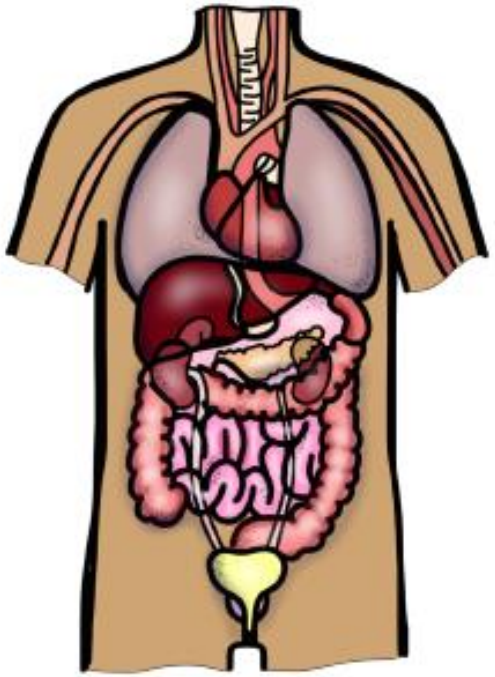

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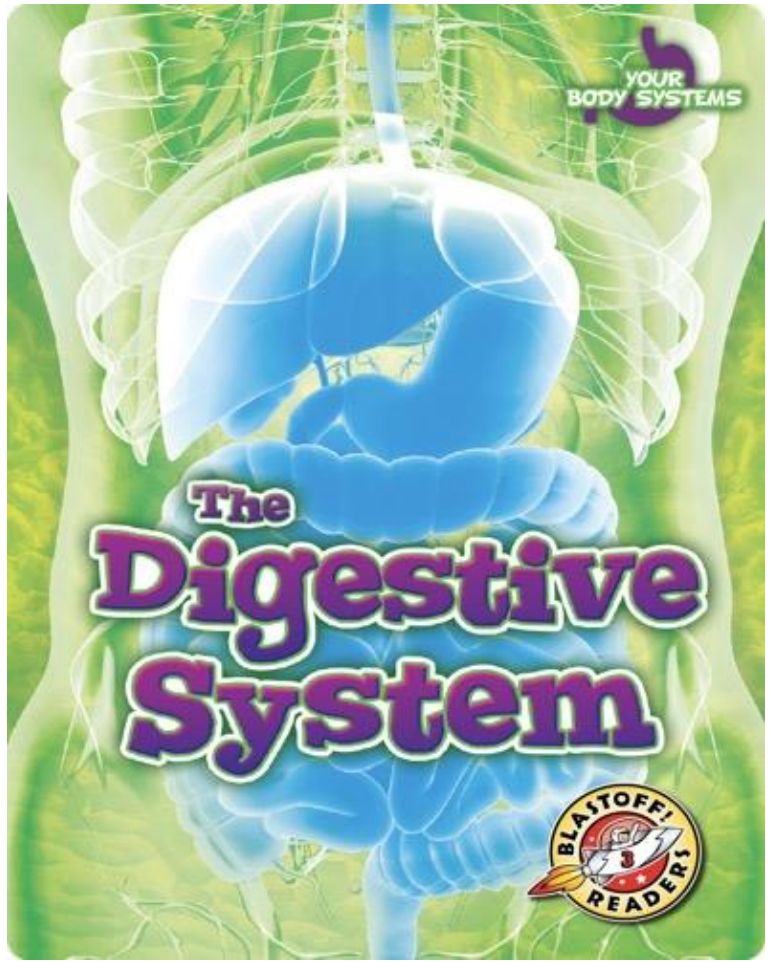
LC 2

The Digestive System

Day 6


YOUR BODY SYSTEMS
The Digestive System
BLASTOFF! READERS

Name _____

Digestive System Quiz

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1

Where does food go after it is chewed and swallowed?

A. stomach
B. esophagus
C. small intestine
D. liver

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2

What happens to food that cannot be used or is not needed by the body?

A. It is absorbed in the blood.
B. It remains in the stomach.
C. It leaves the body as waste.
D. It begins digestion again.

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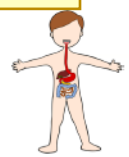
3

How long does digestion usually take?

A. 6 minutes
B. 6 hours
C. 6 days
D. 6 months



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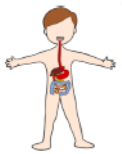
4

How long is the entire digestive system?

A. 3 inches
B. 30 inches
C. 3 feet
D. 30 feet



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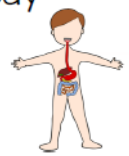
5

What is the function of the digestive system?

A. digestion and absorption of food
B. move blood and nutrients around the body
C. control movement of the body
D. allows us to breathe



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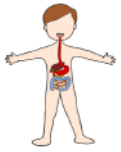
6

The breakdown of food in to small molecules is called _____.

A. Saliva
B. Bolus
C. Digestion
D. stool



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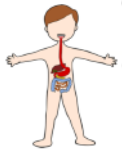
7

Why does the body need food?

A. to keep the stomach full
B. to give us something tasty
C. to get nutrients and energy
D. to make digestion happen



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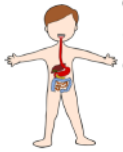
8

Where does digestion begin?

A. Mouth
B. Esophagus
C. Stomach
D. Large intestine



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9

What happens when you see, smell, or think about a tasty food?

A. The stomach begins producing acids.
B. The esophagus muscles contract.
C. Waste is removed from the body.
D. Saliva forms in the mouth.

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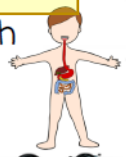
10

What is purpose of saliva?

A. To give us energy
B. To remove waste from the body
C. To make food softer and easier to swallow
D. To move food to the stomach



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11

Which body part is NOT part of the digestive tract?

A. mouth
B. lungs
C. esophagus
D. rectum

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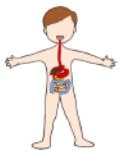
12

What helps with the breakdown of large pieces of food?

A. digestive juices
B. waste
C. blood
D. oxygen



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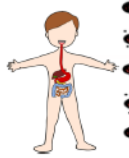
13

Where are nutrients from food absorbed?

A. esophagus
B. stomach
C. small intestine
D. large intestine



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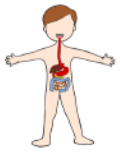
14

After nutrients are absorbed in the walls of the small intestine, how are they delivered to the rest of the body?

A. through the large intestine
B. by the bloodstream
C. with the gallbladder
D. with the removal of carbon dioxide



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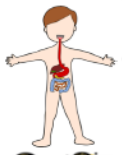
15

What is the name for the solid matter that leaves the body through the rectum?

A. blood
B. saliva
C. digestive juices
D. stool



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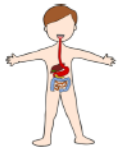
16

The system of hollow organs joined by a tube from the mouth to the anus is called the _____.

A. pancreas
B. small intestine
C. colon
D. digestive tract



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17

How does food move through the digestive tract?

A. with the help of gravity
B. water washes it down
C. it just falls from one organ to the next
D. with the help of muscles

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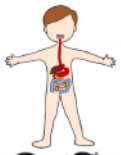
18

Which of the following is NOT a solid organ in the digestive system?

A. stomach
B. liver
C. gallbladder
D. pancreas



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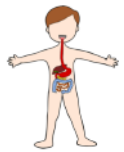
19

The _____ creates enzymes to help process food nutrients in the small intestine.

A. large intestine
B. esophagus
C. liver
D. pancreas



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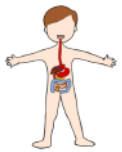
20

The _____ is the storage unit for all the bile and enzymes created by the liver.

A. large intestine
B. colon
C. gallbladder
D. pancreas



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21

The _____ helps the liver make enzymes for the small intestine and also makes insulin.

A. gallbladder
B. pancreas
C. mouth
D. colon

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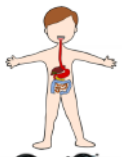
22

Where does digestion begin?

A. stomach
B. mouth
C. esophagus
D. gallbladder



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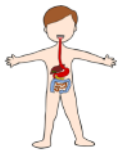
23

The _____ takes food from the mouth to the stomach.

A. esophagus
B. saliva
C. liver
D. pancreas



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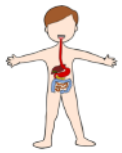
24

The _____ is a stretchy, muscular bag connected to the end of the esophagus.

A. large intestine
B. colon
C. gallbladder
D. stomach



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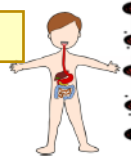
25

Which of the following is NOT a function of the stomach?

A. Store eaten food
B. Break down food into a liquid mix
C. Slowly empty food into the small intestine
D. Absorb nutrients from food



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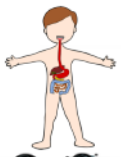
26

The _____ absorbs nutrients from food with the help of the pancreas, liver, and gallbladder.

A. small intestine
B. stomach
C. esophagus
D. large intestine



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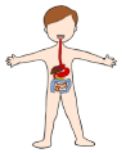
27

Food that is too large to be absorbed into the body or is not needed becomes _____.

A. insulin
B. enzymes
C. waste
D. heartburn



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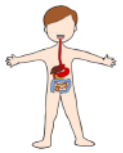
28

Water used in digestion is reabsorbed into waste in the _____.

A. large intestine
B. colon
C. gallbladder
D. stomach



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29

Which of the following is the last stop in the digestive system?

A. rectum
B. colon
C. small intestine
D. mouth

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30

The _____ is part of the large intestine that absorbs waste water.

A. small intestine
B. colon
C. gallbladder
D. pancreas

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31

Which of the following is NOT a way to keep the digestive system healthy?

A. Eating a diet rich in fiber
B. Exercising a limited amount weekly
C. Eating on a regular schedule
D. Limiting high fat foods and caffeine

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32

Why is exercise important to the digestive system?

A. It helps keep muscles strong.
B. It stretches out the muscles.
C. It helps move food throughout the body.
D. It keep the blood oxygenated.

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Name _____

Digestive System Quiz

1	B	13	C	25	D
2	C	14	B	26	A
3	B	15	D	27	C
4	D	16	D	28	B
5	A	17	D	29	A
6	C	18	A	30	B
7	C	19	C	31	B
8	A	20	C	32	C
9	D	21	B		
10	C	22	B		
11	B	23	A		
12	A	24	D		