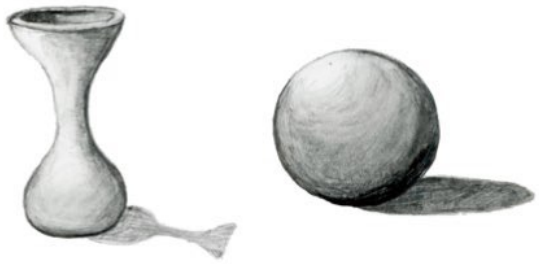
ELEMENTS OF ART

Sketchbook



NAME _____

LINE

Draw an interesting line design using all of these different types of lines. Check them off as you go.

- ❑ straight
- ❑ curvy
- ❑ diagonal
- ❑ squiggly
- ❑ zig zag
- ❑ bumpy
- ❑ dashed
- ❑ dotted
- ❑ loopy
- ❑ like the top of a castle
- ❑ swirl
- ❑ like hills
- ❑ wavy
- ❑ spiral
- ❑ scribbly
- ❑ thin
- ❑ thick
- ❑ dark
- ❑ light
- ❑ line that starts off straight, becomes curvy, then bumpy
- ❑ your own type of varied lines

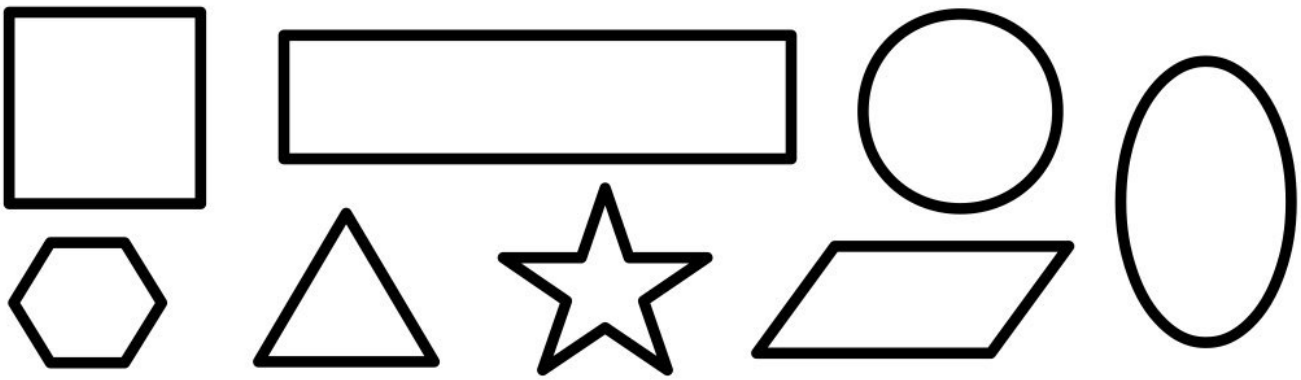
LINE

These are angular, jagged lines. Try drawing a repeating line design using straight, jagged, zig-zag and angular lines.

These curvy lines are expressive and varied. Try drawing your own curvy line design.

SHAPE

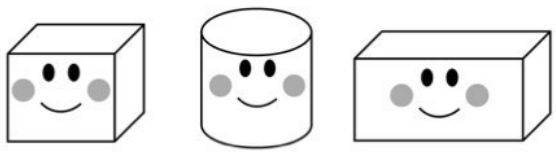
Geometric shapes are shapes such as squares, circles, rectangles, ovals and triangles. They are mathematical shapes with names. Draw a picture using only geometric shapes.



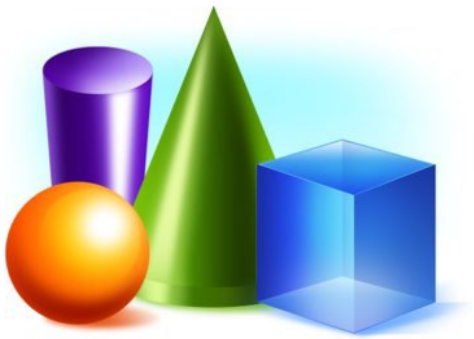
SHAPE

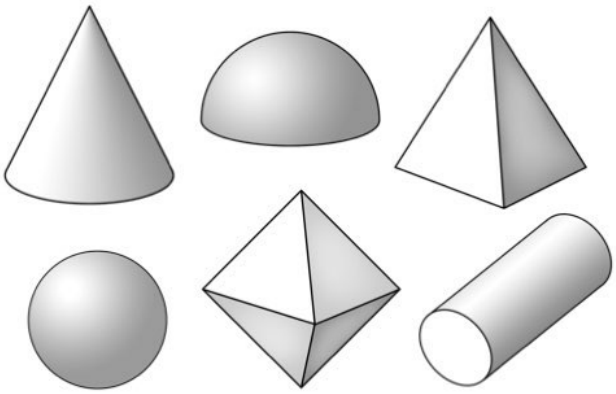
Organic shapes are free-form shapes, like those found in nature. Draw a picture using only organic shapes.

FORM



Forms are objects that are 3-D. They have length, width and height.

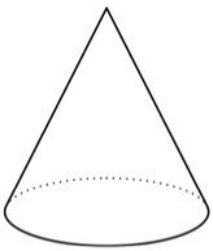


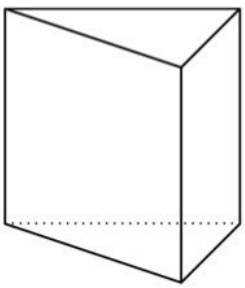


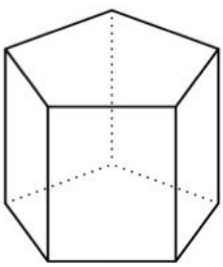
Use the space below to practice drawing your own forms. Try stacking them and drawing them in different sizes. If you are brave enough, add shading to your forms.

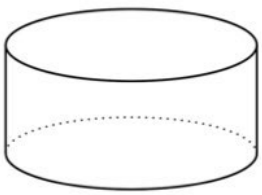
FORM

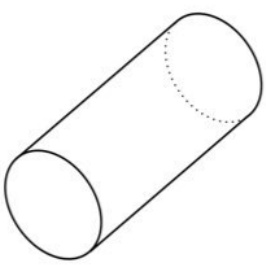
Try your hand at drawing each of these forms.

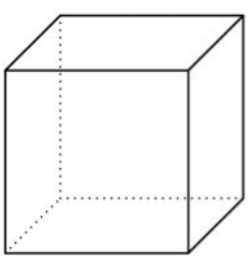


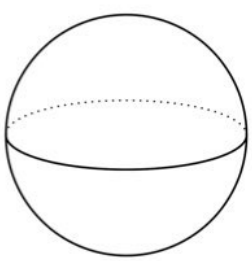


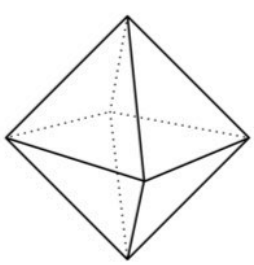




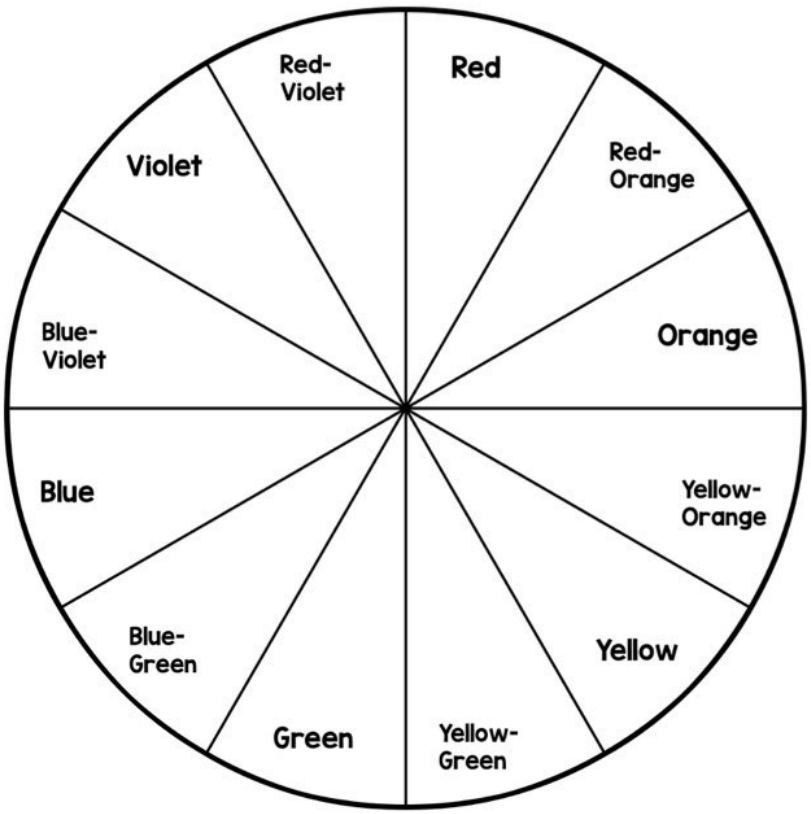








COLOR



The traditional color wheel is how artists arrange colors.

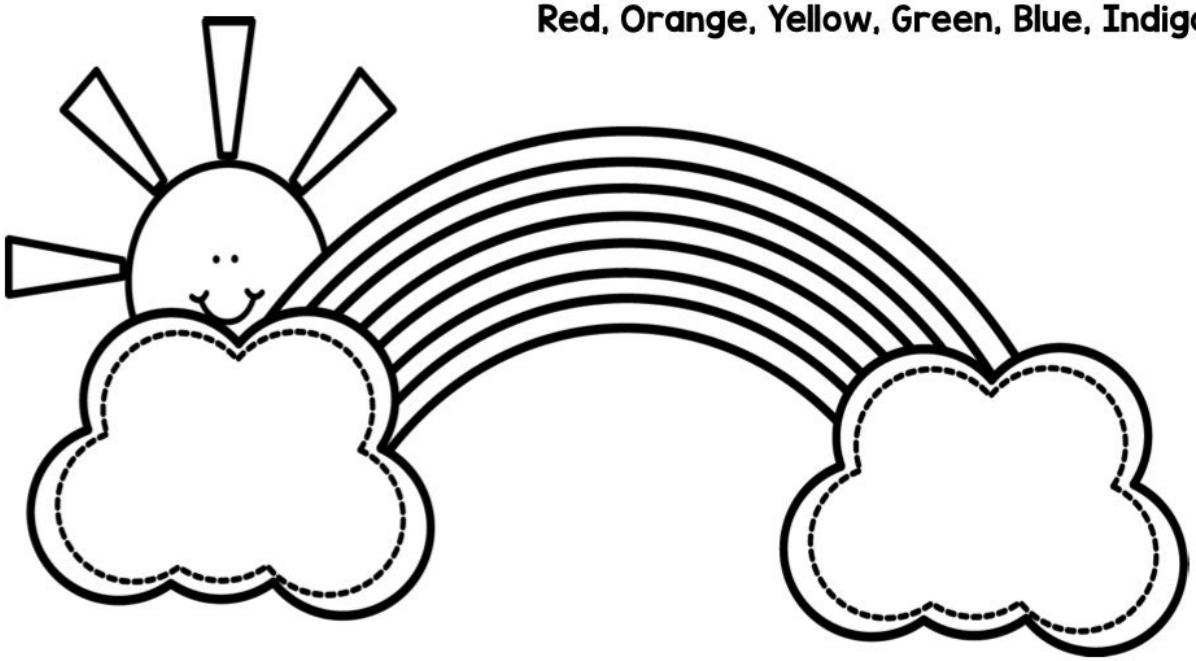
Red, yellow and blue are called **primary colors**. These colors are used to mix the other colors.

Orange, violet and green are called **secondary colors**.

Colors like blue-violet and yellow-orange are called **tertiary** or intermediate colors.

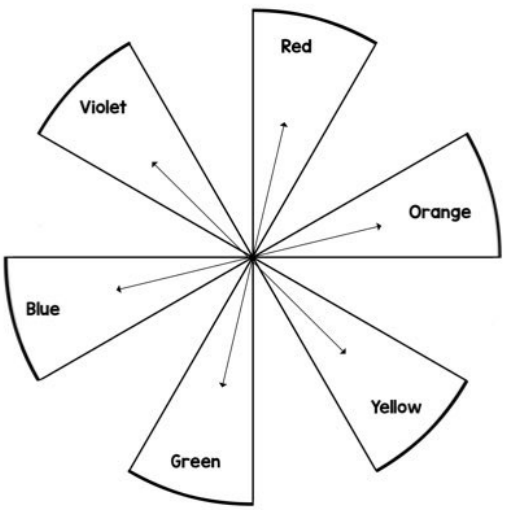
Color the rainbow in order: ROY G. BIV

Red, Orange, Yellow, Green, Blue, Indigo, Violet



COLOR

Complementary colors are colors that are across from each other on the color wheel. Complementary colors are more like opposite colors. They provide the greatest color contrast. When mixed together, a complementary pair would make a neutral color (brownish). This is a simplified color wheel to show you some of the pairs. The intermediate colors can also be complements. Color in the complementary pairs.



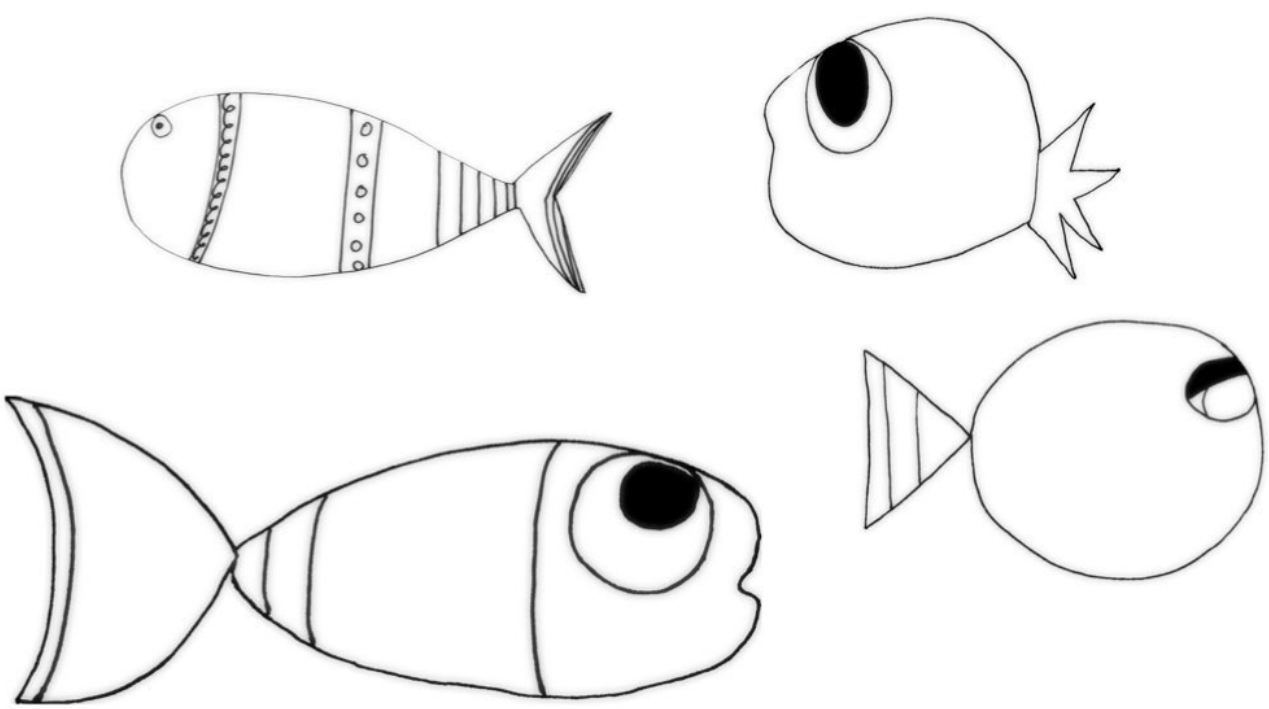
Complementary Pairs

Red & Green

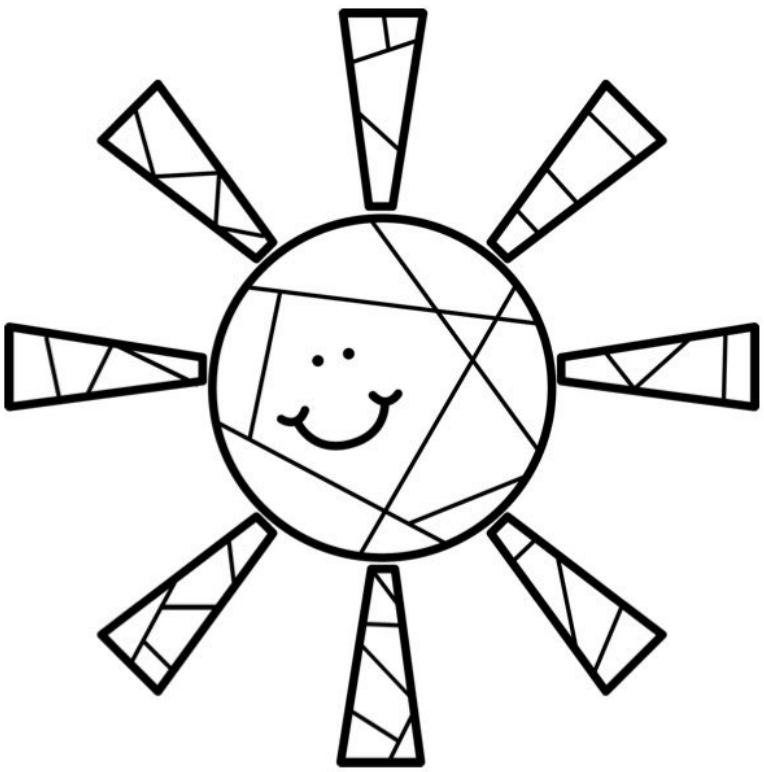
Violet & Yellow

Blue & Orange

Decorate the fish with complementary color pairs.



COLOR

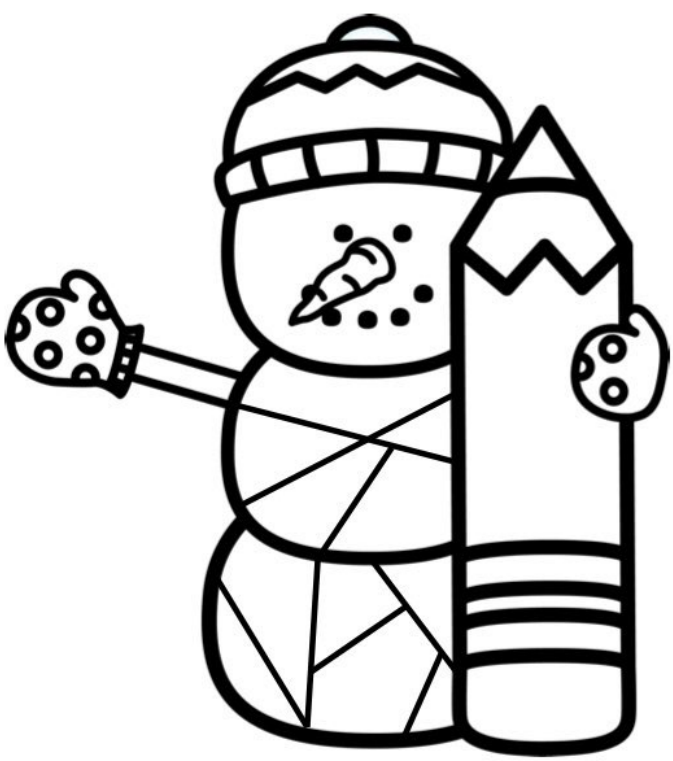


Warm Colors:

Yellows, reds and oranges are warm colors. They remind us of warm things like the sun. Color in the sun with warm colored patterns.

Cool Colors:

Blues, purples and greens are cool colors. They remind us of cool things like a cool river. Color in the snowman with cool colored patterns.

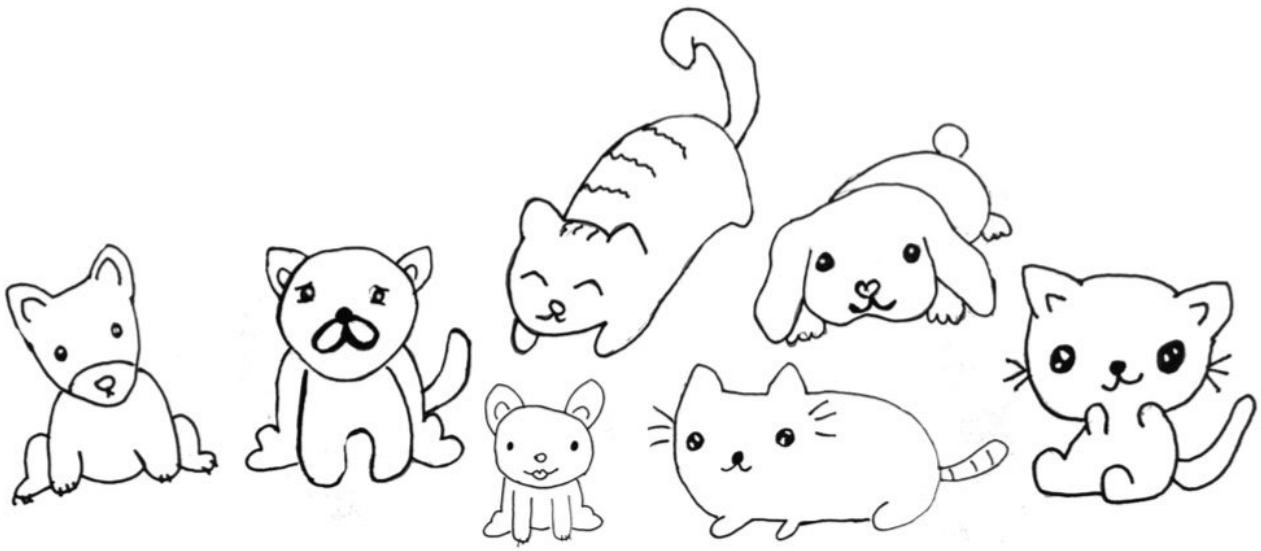


COLOR

Neutral Colors:

Neutral colors are not found on the color wheel. They include brown, gray, white, black, beige, tan and shades of those colors.

Color the cute dogs and cats with neutral colors.



Draw your own picture using only neutral colors.

VALUE

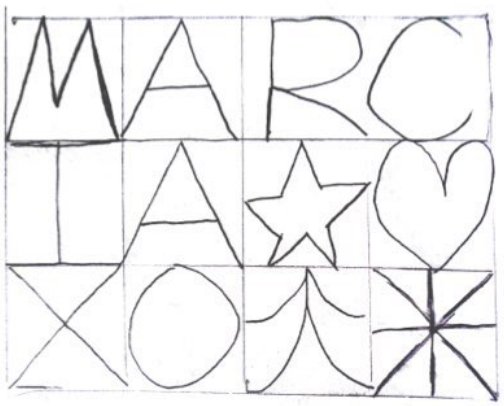
Value is how light or dark a color is. Use colored pencils or a regular pencil to create a **value scale**.

Darkest	Very Dark	Medium Dark	Medium	Medium Light	Light	White

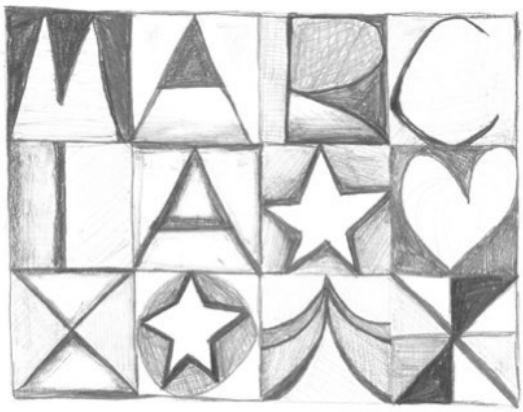
When you are done, you can color the circles in the border a variety of values.

Draw a design in the space below. Color it in using each of the 7 values you practiced above.

VALUE



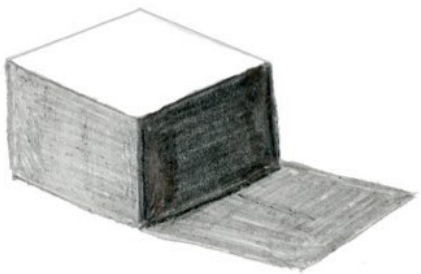
For this exercise, divide the space into even boxes. Write the letters of your name in each sections. Fill in with remaining symbols. Be sure to draw the letters large enough to touch each side of the box.

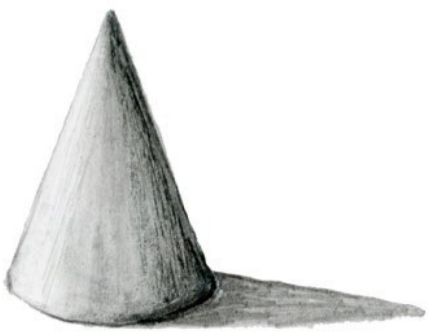


Inside the spaces that have been formed (the negative spaces of the letters), shade them using a variety of values.

VALUE & FORM

Use the space at the bottom of the page to practice drawing forms and shading them with values.





TEXTURE

Real texture is how something feels (like bumpy, soft, smooth, rough or spiky.) **Visual texture** is how an artist creates the illusion of texture on a piece of paper. Use your imagination to draw these textures.

Spiky

Soft

Bumpy

Stone

Brick

Fluffy

Sandy

Woven

Wooden

TEXTURE

Use pen or pencil to copy these textures as carefully and accurately as possible.

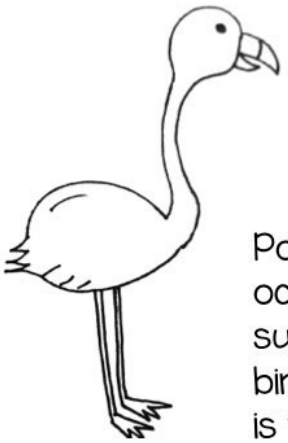
Jules Dupre, 1837

Albrecht Durer, 1502

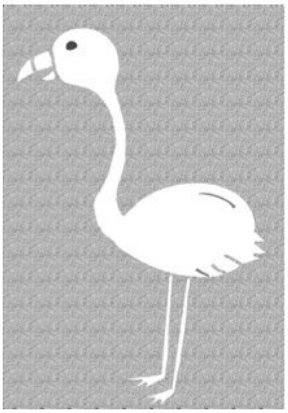
George Stubbs, 1780

TEXTURE

Spiky, furry, scaly, bumpy... Draw a picture that shows texture.



SPACE

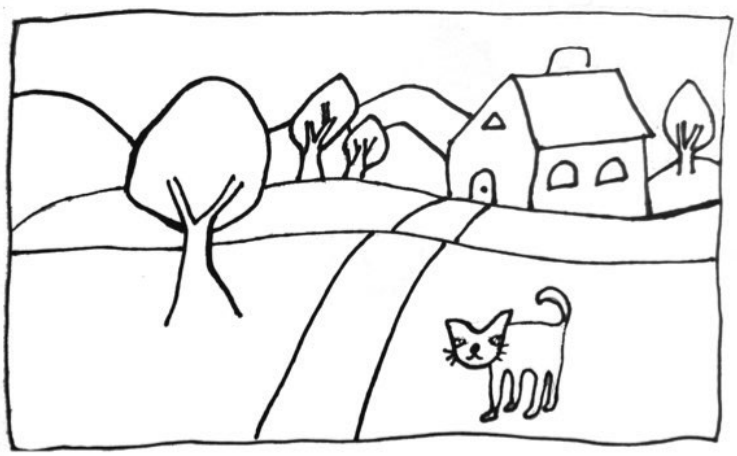


Positive space is the space an object occupies. The negative space is the space surrounding the object. In this case, the bird is the positive space and the gray area is the negative space.

In the box below, draw a simple picture of an animal or a shape. Color in the negative space. Be creative with your coloring!

SPACE

Artists show space and depth in a drawing using many techniques. To show depth, one trick is to include a **foreground, middleground** and **background**. In this picture, the hillls are in the **background**, the big tree is in the **middle** and the cat is in the **foreground**.



In the box below, try to draw your own landscape.

THE ELEMENTS OF ART

Use the boxes below to illustrate or draw a design focusing on the elements of art.

Line

Shape

Form

Color

Value

Texture

Space

Free!

SPECIAL CREDITS

Sunshine Clip Art by Whimsy Clips

3-D Shape Clip Art from Away with the Pixels

3-D Shapes by Digital Classroom Clip art

Fish Clip Art by Just Clipz

Trioriginals

Handdrawn Seamless Patterns via Creative Market